

EYFS Curriculum

EYFS Intent Statement

We aim to:

Be a learning community that supports and reflects the locality and the individual needs of pupils and families which it serves.

Support the development of secure, happy and healthy relationships with others and a positive sense of self, working in partnership with parents and/or carers.

Build effective working relationships with other agencies giving the opportunities to families, staff and the wider community that use our services to develop their potential through active learning and participation.

Develop each child's potential as an effective active learner by developing their curiosity, creative and critical thinking, resilience and love of learning.

Give all pupils access to a high quality, well planned and stimulating learning environment both indoors and outdoors.







St Vincent's VC Academy EYFS endorses the following principles:

When adults and children -

Feel at ease,

Act spontaneously,

Are open to the world,

Express inner peace,

Have vitality and self-confidence,

Enjoy life,

Their well-being is ensured, and they are able to learn.

When children and adults are:

Concentrated and focused,

Interested, involved, motivated and fascinated,

Mentally active, Fully experiencing concepts, Satisfying their drive to explore,

Operating at their limits of capabilities,

Deep level learning can take place. Ferre Laevers (2002)



EYFS Long Term Plan

How has our curriculum been planned?

The LTP sets out what we want our pupils to learn during their time in the EYFS. The content is consistent with the educational programmes set out in the EYFS Framework. It has been sequenced and planned with the support of documents such as:

Development Matters 2021, Birth to 5, Pie Corbett's Talk for Writing - suggested texts for EYFS, PLAN Science, The Primary Science Teaching Trust, as well as using information taken from the Historical Association, Geographical Association, NASEN, ICAN The overarching aims for each half term, are planned out. These are returned to and built upon through the Medium / short term plans, as well as practitioners in the moment planning / daily interactions.

The curriculum is ambitions, but also takes into account pupils' starting points and ensures a strong emphasis on the Prime Areas of Learning, throughout the year, to ensure we meet the needs of all pupils.

Provision planning and curriculum planning is strongly based on research taken from: the EPPSE project, SEED Project, The EEF early years Toolkit, ECERS-E by Kathy Sylva, Iram Siraj and Brenda Targgart, STEW, F Laevers, I CAN, AKLAN – See Section 2 for further information on pedagogy and provision.

Targeted interventions are used to support our pupils with specific needs. Our Careful / flexible planning allows practitioners to be reflective and responsive to individuals and their learning journeys; whilst not losing sight of aiming high for every pupil.

Area	Cycle Autumn 1 Autumn 2		Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Overarchin g Theme	l let's Start School let's Calabra		Let's Celebrate!	What's Hiding in the Dark?	Tickets Please!	How Marvellous are Minibeasts?	What Happening on the farm?
Enquiries		All About Me/Jobs/ People who Help Us	Harvest/Growth Celebrations/ Other Cultures	Nocturnal Animals / Shadows and light / Cause and Effect	Journeys / Ways to travel / Forces / Change of Season	Insects/Environment / Growth	Farm/Animals / Change of Season
Wow Moment		Police/Nurse Visit	Nativity Performance	Owl Visit	Train Station	Beekeeper Visit / Caterpillars	Trip to the Farm

Signifi Cultu Ever	ıral		Starting School, Birthdays,	Bonfire Night, Remembrance Day Divali, Birthdays, Eid Christmas, Hannukah	Chinese New Year, Valentine's Day	Pancake Day, Easter Mother's Day	Ramadan/Eid	Jubilee, Birthdays, Sports Day, Moving up Transition
		1	Three Little Pigs	Enormous Turnip	Where going on a bear hunt	Train Ride	The Sleepy Bumble Bee	Three Billy Goats Gruff
	Τα	Vocab	Key Vocab: house, straw, sticks, bricks, strong, weak, blow, puff, ladder, climb, Ambitious Vocab: structurally sound, sturdy, ravenous,	Key Vocab: Animal and character names, turnip, enormous, pull, pulled First, then, next, finally Ambitious Vocab: Enormous, vast, unmanageable, relief, feast	Key Vocab: bear, cave, day, night, moon, sun, owl, bat, hedgehog, grass, wood, river, snow, Ambitious Vocab: hunting, hearing, echo, sonar, prey, predator, dusk	Key Vocab: Car, van, bus, truck, lorry, aeroplane, ship, boat, rocket, scooter, bike Ambitious Vocab: Travel, Transportation, Engine, Wheels, Road, Road signs, Vehicles	Key Vocab: Character names, woods, trees, looming, wild, flowers in bloom, sweetest fruit, sharp, pointed, fierce, First, then, next, after that, finally Ambitious Vocab: hive, Pollination, eco-friendly, pollinate, ecosystem	Key Vocab: farm, bridge, goat, troll, animals, trip-trap Ambitious Vocab:
	lk for	2	Little Red Hen	Gingerbread Man	Owl Babies	The Runaway Train	The Very Hungry Caterpillar	Mr Gumpy's Outing
Literacy	Talk for Writing	Vocab	Key Vocab: Animal names, wheat, tall, strong, flour, mill, bake. Ambitious Vocab: Humdrum — something extremely boring. Lackadaisical -they do not seem excited or interested in the things they do.	Key Vocab: Gingerbread, animal names, kitchen equipment: rolling pin, oven, run, quickly, fast, faster, eat Ambitious Vocab: Absquatulate: leave quickly. Devour: Eat quickly. Naïve: trust people they shouldn't.	Key Vocab: bear, cave, day, night, moon, sun, owl, bat, hedgehog, tree, branch, owlet Ambitious Vocab: hunting, hearing, echo, sonar, prey, predator, dusk	Key Vocab: Car, van, bus, truck, lorry, aeroplane, ship, boat, rocket, scooter, bike Ambitious Vocab: Travel, Transportation, Engine, Wheels, Road, Road signs, Vehicles	Key Vocab: Days of week, Egg, caterpillar, hungry, plums, pickle, salami, watermelon, fat, cocoon, butterfly, change, First, then, next, after that, finally Ambitious Vocab: Transform - Changed in a strange and surprising way, Life cycle — stages of life/ how a living thing changes, unfold, pupa,	Key Vocab: farm, boat, river, rabbit, children, cat, dog, pig, sheep, chicken, calf, goat Ambitious Vocab: canoe,
	T4W Outcomes		3/4 Make and describe marks Rec Oral retelling Draw images, make and describe marks/write initial sounds.	3/4 Make and describe marks Rec Oral retelling, draw images and write captions for retell	3/4 Make and describe marks Rec Oral retelling, draw images and write captions. Innovation and write a caption	3/4 Make and describe marks Rec Oral retelling, draw images and write captions Innovation and write a caption	3/4 Rec: Retell/innovate the story — short sentences	3/4 Rec: Retell/innovate the story — short sentences

	Other forms of Writing		Non-Fiction: People who help us Label: family portrait / picture of their house	Instructions Text: how to make turnip soup / gingerbread men Recount Text: cooking activity e.g. making vegetable soup Draw and list: the ingredients	Information Text: Facts about owls / bears	Map: to the Station for a visitor to find things	Information Text: Writing an information booklet about something we have been exploring/researching Observational drawings - labelling bees / caterpillars / butterflies	Recount: trip to the farm
	RWI		systematic teaching of re ory-time / planned books		delity ook Sharing Time / Books 1	hroughout the provisio	n	
Reading	Comprehension	With pro Suggest I Give a sin Recognise Play influ Innovate Retell sto With pro Suggest I Give a sin Recognise Play influ	now an unfamiliar story reample opinion on a book the repetition of words or phr enced by experience of boo a well-known story with suries in the correct sequence	g of many common words of aloud to them might end y have read, when prompte ases in a short passage of the ks pport. I draw on language pattern g of many common words of aloud to them might end y have read, when prompte ases in a short passage of the ks	and phrases in a story that is ed. cext. us of stories. and phrases in a story that is ed.			
	Read	FS1	Where's spot? Hug	Dear Zoo You choose Sammy Spider's First Hanukkah	Brown bear Brown Bear What do you see? Goodnight moon	Mrs Armitage	Jasper's Beanstalk Look what I found in the Woods	Farmer duck Handa's surprise Oliver's Fruit Salad
	Reading Spine	FS2	On the way home Each peach pear plum	Rosie's walk Mr. Men Little Miss Happy Diwali The Proudest Blue	Whatever Next! The Gruffalo	Six dinner Sid Shhh!	Hairy Maclary from Donaldson's dairy Natures Tiny Miracle Greta & the Giants	Come on, Daisy! Oliver's Vegetables.

Maths	Number	Nursery Planning	Number names to 5 1-1correspondence to 3 Counting irregular arrangements Count out from a larger group to 3 Subitising to 3 Match number 1 2 3 to correct amounts Recognise that amounts don't change if it has just been rearranged to 3	Recognise groups with more and less objects — use language more than, fewer than to 3 Recognise when two or more groups have the same number of things to 3 Compare two amounts that are close in size Compare two amounts that are further away in size	Number names to 10 Correspondence to 5 Recognise smaller numbers in bigger groups Counting back from 5 Children need opportunities to explore a range of ways to partition a whole number — making a total Explore how numbers can be partitioned in different ways Recall number bonds to 3 Select and manipulate shapes Compose and decompose shapes Understand position through words alone	Number names to 10 1-1correspondence to 3 Counting irregular arrangements Count out from a larger group to 3 Subitising to 3 Match number 1 2 3 to correct amounts Recognise that amounts don't change if it has just been rearranged to 3 Counting irregular arrangements Count out from a larger group to 3 Subitising to 3 Match number 1 2 3 to correct amounts Recognise that amounts Recognise that amounts don't change if it has just been rearranged to 3 Recognise one more one less than to 3	Number Names to 20 1-1Correspondence to 5 Counting irregular arrangements Count out from a larger group to 5 Subitising to 5 Match number 1 2 3 to correct amounts Recognise that amounts don't change if it has just been rearranged to 5 Recognise one more one less than up to 5	Number Names to 20 1-2Correspondence to 5 Counting irregular arrangements Count out from a larger group to 5 Subitising to 5 Match number 1 2 3 to correct amounts Recognise that amounts don't change if it has just been rearranged to 5 Recognise one more one less than to 5
		Reception NCETM (more details on daily discreet planning)	This half term we will be learning to finish and create different patterns and learn about the numbers 0-4, understanding what the value of those numbers means. We will use the language of comparison, including 'more than' and 'fewer than'. To compare sets 'just by looking'.	This half term we will continue from first half-term subitise within 5, perceptually and conceptually, depending on the arrangements. We will compare sets by matching, seeing that when every object in a set can be matched to one in the other set, they contain the same number and are equal amounts.	This half term we will increase confidence in subitising by continuing to explore patterns within 5, including structured and random arrangements. We will continue to compare sets by matching, identifying when sets are equal.	This half term we will explore symmetrical patterns, in which each side is a familiar pattern, linking this to 'doubles'. compare numbers, reasoning about which is more, using both an understanding of the 'howmanyness' of a number, and its position in the number system.	This half term we will subitise structured and unstructured patterns, including those which show numbers within 10, in relation to 5 and 10. We will be encouraged to identify when it is appropriate to count and when groups can be subitised.	In this half-term, the children will consolidate their understanding of concepts previously taught through working in a variety of contexts and with different numbers.

	Pattern	Exploring patterns Exploring shapes and arrangements Exploring shape and	Exploring patterns Exploring shapes and arrangements Exploring size and comparisons Language for properties	combine new ones	appropriately and combine shapes to make new ones Compare Length / Height		and es to es	Select shapes appropriately and combine shapes to make new ones Notice repeating patterns Extend and create and abab pattern Begin to describe a sequence of events Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity Patterns and Groupings	abab pattern Begin to describe a sequence of events Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity Patterns and
	Shape	space Routines: Day / Night Passing of time Compose and decompose shapes Understand position through words alone	of shapes Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it	Mass Capacity Compose and decompose shapes Understand position through words alone		properties of shapes 3d shapes / 2d shapes Select rotate and manipulate shapes to develop spaitial reasoning skills		Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity Continue, copy and create repeating patterns	relationships Use of shape, space — use of mathematical vocabulary Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it
	~		Seasonal Cho Autumn/Wir					asonal Change oring/Summer Growth	
	Knowledge	Humans/Materials	Materials		Light	Force	S	Plants	Animals
Science	edge and understanding	Types of Materials - Including changing materials - Compare how materials change over time and in different - That some materials are stretchy - That some materials absorb liquids.	Types of Materials - Including changing materials • Compare how materials change over time and in different • That some materials are stretchy • That some materials absorb liquids	Sun/Moon/Stars • Learn about the Earth, Sun, Moon, planets, and stars • Learn about space travel Exploring Light Sources/Shadows • Play and explore outside in all seasons and in different weather		Forces & Electricity • Feel forces • Explore how things work • Explore how objects/materials are affected by forces • Explore how to change how things work		Habitats: Natural Environment • Deepen their understanding of how living things may grow of change • Some animals live in nests Insects / Life Cycles / Plants	Animals/Habitats Compare adult animals to their babies Common features of different animals Observe how baby animals change over time Describe different habitats

Senses

- · Learn about their senses
- Listen to sounds
- · Make sounds
- · Listen to sounds outside and identify the source
- Make sounds
- To notice different sounds
- · Different objects make different sounds
- To notice and describe different smells and tastes
- · To describe how objects feel

Humans

- · Learn about the life cycles of humans
- · Learn about how to take care of themselves
- · Describe people who are familiar to them
- · Learn about how to take care of themselves
- To notice and describe faces
- · To know that we change as we grow up
- To name body parts.
- To know that we are similar (have the same body parts) and different (heights)

Forces push/pull/stir

- Combine and mix ingredients
- · Change materials by heating and cooling, including cooking Observe, measure and record how materials change when heated and cooled
- · How biscuits change in different liquids

- Observe living things throughout the year
- Explore Shadows

Habitats: Natural Environment

- · Understanding nocturnal animals and what that means
- · Deepen their understanding of how living things may grow / change
- · Some animals live in nests

- Explore how the wind can move objects
- · Explore how objects move in water
- · To use your senses to observe
- That apply a force changes the shape of an object
- Learn about the life cycles of animals
- · Where minibeasts live (habitats)
- To name and describe small garden animals / plants
- The lifecycle of a caterpillar
- To name / describe parts of a plant To name / describe parts of an animal's body

The differences between animals; some are camouflaged To identify and name different fruits The names of different small animals miniheasts)

•Explore the surrounding natural environment To use senses of sight, touch and smell to identify and describe some natural and nonnatural materials •Explore natural objects from the surrounding environment •Explore the plants in the surrounding natural environment ·Grow plants

(observe and note

changes)

- (focus farm animals from story and beyond)
- Habitats: Farm Animals
- Name and describe animals that live in different habitats
- · Name and identify different

Insects / Life Cycles / Plants

- •Explore the surrounding natural environment
- •Explore natural objects from the surrounding environment •Grow plants •Explore the plants in the surrounding natural environment

Types of Materials - Including changing materials

- · Compare how materials change over time and in different
- That some materials are stretchy
- That some materials absorb liquids

		Our School	Our Changing World	Where to?
		All about me:	Seasonal Changes — Winter & Spring:	Explore
		·Look at where we live, describe features we see on	•Exploring schools' grounds and observing seasonal	·Use atlases, IWB maps and globe to discover the
		the way to school.	changes in the winter/spring.	seven continents.
		•Explore our classroom and where things are	•Explore compare/contrast our environment with	Seasonal Changes — Summer:
		situated	polar regions. (Nocturnal animals)	•Exploring schools' grounds and observing seasonal
		•Explore the school grounds, look at features of our	•Observe seasonal weather changes in the	changes in the summer.
		school environment.	winter/spring (ice exploration)	•Observe seasonal weather changes in the summer
		·Look at maps of local area (paper and Google)	•Observe, question, and draw spring plants/spring	The UK outdoors:
		explore and discuss the features found on local	growth.	•Name features around the UK (farm, beach,
		maps.	•Explore natural spring resources in Tuff Tray,	mountains, woodland etc).
		·Create a class map for new pupils	asking questions and making/drawing observations.	•Explore, observe, and identify UK minibeasts.
		•Discussing where we were born and where our	•Conduct Winter/Spring walk around School	Food:
	묽	extended family live (using world maps/globes for	grounds/Pearson Park describing and discussing	•Exploring food from around the world using world
G	io Z	support)	what is found.	maps and Google.
600	latı	Seasonal changes — Autumn:	Around the world:	Discover, compare, and contrast food
Geography	The Natural World	•Exploring school's grounds and observing seasonal	•Explore compare/contrast our environment with	produce/grown in different climates around the
Ly Ly	· *	changes in the Autumn.	Australia, polar regions, Africa, and South America.	world.7
	orl	•Exploring natural autumnal resources in Tuff Tray,	•Explore, compare, contrast, observe, draw, and	
	Δ.	asking questions and making/drawing observations.	discuss animals native to Australia, polar regions,	
		•Explore hibernation and migration, looking at	Africa and South America.	
		contrasting environments/animals around the world	•Knowing where different animals come from.	
		in the autumn.	•Explore, compare, contrast, and discuss life, living	
		•Explore harvest time in the UK and farming at	and schools in Australia, Africa and South America	
		harvest time.		
		Observe seasonal weather changes and longer		
		nights in the autumn compared to the summer.		
		Observe and explain decomposition of pumpkins		
		Festivals:		
		•Explore festival origins/celebrations across the		
		world, using a world map/globe		
		Exploring food from around the world using world		
		maps and Google.		

History	People Cultures & Communities		To talk about members of their immediate family and community. The different emergency services that help us. How to get help when needed To ask questions to people to find out more about them and what they do. To celebrate transition to a new school year — celebrate their successes — reflecting on what they have done About some of the different jobs and roles people have in our communities (linking to the book and planning /building structures) Historical Art Focus: Kandinsky	To describe the celebrations, they have. To celebrate together, planning, preparing and celebrating to support understanding of celebrations. To explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and — when appropriate — maps This could be in reference to different ways of celebrating / celebrations Celebrate and experience Harvest Festival, Christmas New Year Find our and explore celebrations of DIVALI, Bonfire Night	About the natural world around us and who is helping to look after it? What is their role? What do they do? How can we help? What can we do at home and school? Historical Art Focus: Yayoi Kusama	To celebrate and experience Pancake Day and Easter	About the natural world around us and who is helping to look after it? What is their role? What do they do? How can we help? What can we do at home and school? Celebrate sports day To find our and explore celebrations for Eid Historical Art Focus: Giuseppe Arcimboldo	The different roles in our community. To explore what help they have had from people in their lives past and present (farmers) To talk about where they have been in their local community — past and present To plan a visit to the Farm.	
		1. How have I changed since I was a baby? 2. Why do we wear different clothes during the year? 3. What are our favourite celebrations of the EYFS and to support pupils to chronology and passing of time e.g. seasons as they change. These units will help develop their historical understanding by supporting understanding of: Talking about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. Knowing some similarities and differences between things in the drawing on their experiences and what has been read class. Understanding the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.							

		rerage in	How have I changed since		are our favourite celebrations	each year? Why d	o we wear different clothes	during the year?			
	chro	nological	There are certain key ideas that are important for children of all ages and abilities to acquire, namely: Time passes in sequential order. There is key vocabulary associated with the passage of time. Time changes us all. Older children within our EYFS setting/more able children could demonstrate a more in-depth understanding of these concepts by: Having more independence in exploring artefacts and using them in their own imaginative play. Being able to sequence stories.								
	h	nts that appen oughout									
	۵pp	e year / when propriate									
		thin the LTP	Developing the concept of	r cause ana consequence to	moderate their own behaviou	ir ana see now their benav	hour can impact on others.				
PSHE / Jigsaw	Jigsaw	FS1	 Being Me in my World Understand how it feels to belong. How I express being happy and sad. How I consider others feel. Using gentle hands always. Learning about being responsible. 	Celebrating Difference I know how to feel proud. I know why I am special. I know families are different. I know there's different houses. How to make new friends	Dreams and Goals What is a challenge? I can keep trying and set goals. I can encourage others. I can think about what I could be when older.	Healthy Me I know the names of some body parts. Keeping myself healthy. Washing my Hands Stranger Danger	Relationships Talking about friends and family. Knowing what to do if others are mean to me. Teamwork.	Transition • Starting to know what I am good at. • Knowing who to ask for help. • To continue to build on my relationships in Foundation Stage.			
Jigsaw	αw	FS2	Being Me in my World Manage my feelings Think about my friends' feelings Understanding how to work together We are good at different things	Celebrating Difference • We are good at different things • Understanding we are all different How to deal with conflict	Dreams and Goals • Face problems and overcome them • Have a positive attitude • Say how I feel	Healthy Me • Making the correct choices for my body • Stranger danger	Relationships Problem solving Manage feelings Making friends and being a good friend Respect	Transition To know what I'm good at. To know my likes and dislikes. Knowing who to ask for help. To build new relationships with other adults in school.			
and Language	Communication	FS1	We will: learn how to listen to stories and can remember what happens, be able to listen to single instructions, learn a lots of songs and rhymes, explore talking about simple questions, develop adding points of view when talking to adults and friends, learn how to listen to longer stories and can remember what happens, begin to talk about events in our live, be able to listen to two-part instructions, understand 'why' questions, learn to pay attention to more than one thing at a time, use talk to organise our thoughts.								

	FS2	We will learn how to communicate with each other, express our needs, taking turns to listen and talk as well as using new vocabulary.	using full sente	sk and questions. p our to talk nces.	more det about ar	be trying to add cail when talking a event, using arnt vocabulary.	We will learn I new vocabular use it when we discussing who have discovere will describe ev that have happ	y and e are it we d. We vents	learn ho opinion will begi demonst of the lis needs.	explore and w to express our and ideas. We n to or fully crate awareness stener and their	We will further questions. We we explore asking answering ques will explore how share with othe we have learnt understood. We describe events have happened.	will and tions. We v to ers what / e will that
		We will be working creatively by expressing ourselves using drawing, painting, and collage materials. We will also be learning how to plan, do and review when designing something with a purpose in mind.	We will be con work creatively expressing ours using drawing, and collage made we will learn rand make our music to accomthem.	by selves painting aterials. new songs own	W				how rhy melody, change r music pi We will play and how the to expre	explore role I dance and se can be used ss emotions.	We will be furtl developing stor into our imagin play, using sma toys and role p props.	ylines ative ıll world
Expressive Arts and Design	Autumn 1: Kandinsky We will explore what happ mix colours, experiment to different textures. and sele resources whilst adapt wor necessary.		o create lect appropriate	Autumn 2	colours. Experime Select ap	usama what happens when ent to create differe propriate resources ere necessary.	nt textures.	Spring 1	We will; be comb simple to and app resource necessar needed	e Arcimboldo learn that differer ined to create nev pols and technique ropriately, select o s and adapt work ry, select tools and to shape, assemble s they are using.	v effects, use is competently appropriate where techniques	Summer 1
Design	Design & Technology Focus	Autumn 2: Making Paper Puppets Creating with Materials: Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function; Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. FS1 We will be drawing and sticking to our wooden puppet faces. FS2 We will be drawing, sticking and cutting to make our puppet bag puppets.			Spring 1	Spring 2: Making We will learn the food choices. And will use a rar including scissors, cutlery. FS1 We will be peeling fruits as well as m FS2 We will be cutting range of different	importance of hange of small tool paintbrushes, and and chopping shixing.	soft ixing a	Summer 1	Summer 2: Bird We will use Safel variety of materi experimenting wi form and functio explaining the press we will be making mixing, rolling, type will be cutting and filling with be sufficient with the summer of	ly use and explor als, tools and tec th colour, design n; Sharing our cr ocess they have ag our birdfeeder ying and various g and scooping o	chniques, , texture, reations, used. s using tools.

	Physical	Songs & Rhymes	•Heads, shoulders •If your happy •Ten little fingers •The foot bone Introduction to PE •To move safely and sensibly in a space with consideration of others. •To develop moving safely and stopping with control. •To use equipment safely and responsibly. •To use different travelling actions whilst following a path. •To work with others cooperatively and play as a group. •To follow, copy and lead a partner.	•Dreidel Dreidel •Little Donkey •Mary Mary what a Surprise. •Skip Skip Skipptiy Ball Skills •To develop rolling a ball to a target. •To develop stopping a rolling ball. •To develop accuracy when throwing to a target. •To develop bouncing and catching a ball. •To develop dribbling a ball with your feet. •To develop kicking a ball	-Twinkle Twinkle -5 Little Snowmen Dance To use counts of 8 to know when to change action. To explore different body parts and how they move. To explore different body parts and how they move and remember and repeat actions. To express and communicate ideas through movement exploring directions and levels. To copy and repeat	Fundamentals To develop balancing whilst stationary and on the move. To develop running and stopping. To develop changing direction. To develop jumping and landing. To develop hopping and landing with control. To explore different ways to travel.	•5 little bees •There's a spider •Incy wincy• Games •To work safely and develop running and stopping. •To develop throwing and learn how to keep score. •To be able to play games showing an understanding of the different roles within it. •To follow instructions and move safely when playing tagging games. •To work co-operatively and learn to take turns. •To work with others to play team games.	•Apples & Banana's •Old Macdonald •5 little ducks •Baa Baa Black Sheep Gymnastics •To copy and create shapes with your body. •To be able to create shapes whilst on apparatus. •To develop balancing and taking weight on different body parts. •To develop jumping and landing safely. •To develop rocking and rolling. •To copy and create short sequences linking actions together.
-			To explore the importance of good dental hygiene.	To explore healthy eating and making good choices.	actions showing confidence and imagination. To discuss what sensible screen time looks like. How to keep ourselves safe.	To further explore healthy eating and how to make healthy choices.	To explore and develop understanding of the importance of good dental hygiene.	To further explore how to make healthy choices. We will be further. To discuss what sensible
								To discuss what sensible screen time looks like. How to keep ourselves safe.

British Values

The Fundamental British Values of Democracy, The Rule of Law, Individual Liberty and Mutual Respect and Tolerance of Different Faiths and Beliefs are embedded in the to EYFS curriculum and practice.

We actively promote the British Values within the Early Years by:

Democracy

- Encouraging children to know that their views count and their opinions are important, for example by following the children's interests for topics and activities.
- Encouraging children to make decisions together, e.g. when sharing toys and resources.
- Encouraging children to see their role in the 'bigger picture', e.g. linking to part of a family, class, group, school, community, parish, etc.
- Encouraging children to value each other's views and beliefs and to talk about their feelings for example when they do or do not need help, topic ideas, ideas about how to organise an activity, or circle time activities about likes and dislikes.
- Providing opportunities for the children to vote for activity choices, e.g. a book for story time.
- Encouraging children to complete activities that involve turn-taking, sharing, discussion and collaboration, e.g. model making, role play activities and using equipment.
- Using group times and circle times to encourage children to take turns, listen to others, and to value and respect the contributions made by others in the group.
- Working together to create an environment where it is 'safe' to make mistakes, share thoughts and ideas, and to explore different options, e.g. promoting forgiveness after an argument, opportunities to retry an activity and tolerance for different views.

The Rule of Law

- Encouraging adults and children to work together, to create group rules.
- Discussing the need for rules and how they should be administered fairly, e.g. the need for rules to keep everyone safe and happy.
- Teaching children to understand their own and other's behaviour and feelings, along with their consequences.

- Working together to create an environment where action are consistently followed through, e.g. adherence to class rules, follow-ups on discussions and other choices explored after taking a group vote.
- Encouraging and supporting children to learn how to distinguish right from wrong.
- Encouraging children to take turns, share and compromise.

Individual Liberty

- Encouraging children to develop a positive sense of themselves.
- Providing opportunities for children to develop their self-esteem and confidence in their own abilities. For example, by sharing achievements and successes and promoting independence.
- Providing opportunities to take on risks, challenges and responsibilities and also encourage children to explore and discuss their thoughts, feelings and ideas with those that they trust.
- Encouraging children to try a range of different activities and opportunities, and to discuss and select their own preferences.
- Encouraging children to ask questions and trust that their opinions and ideas will be respected and valued.
- Providing opportunities for children to follow and develop their own interests and ides.
- Providing activities for all children to engage in and actively challenge gender-specific tasks and activities.
- Encouraging children to reflect upon their similarities and differences, and appreciate and respect that others may have different views.

Mutual Respect and Tolerance of Different Faiths and Beliefs

- Working as part of a group to create an environment that includes, values and promotes different faiths, cultures, views and races.
- Providing opportunities for the children to make links with the wider community, for example outings to local places, inviting family members or speakers to visit the setting, or making links with a local charity.
- Encouraging children to learn about other faiths, cultures, traditions, families, communities and ways of life. Encouraging the children to share their experiences with the group and allow the children to recognise similarities and differences between themselves and others. For example, by learning about festivals and special days, different types of family units, different occupations and places around the world.

- Encouraging children to learn about the world around them both locally and further afield. For example:
 - o local trips
 - o using books, stories, posters and videos, etc. to learn about places far away
 - o cultural days
 - o local events and activities
 - national celebrations